### Chasing Monoecious Hydrilla from the Cayuga Inlet, Ithaca, NY dirondack Bob Johnson

Adirondack Region Hydrilla Workgroup

April 11, 2014





#### To Finding Hydrilla in Fall Creek



#### 2013 Cayuga Inlet Treatment

- Use of two herbicides
- (July 16, 2013) "June 26, 2012"
  - Aquathol K (endothall)

- (August 14 October 15, 2013)
   "July 12 October 31, 2012"
  - -Sonar Genesis (fluridone liquid)
  - -Sonar One (fluridone pellet)

#### July 16, 2013 Endothall

 Allowed hydrilla to emerge and elongate to ~ 6 inches before the application, granting any late tuber germination.

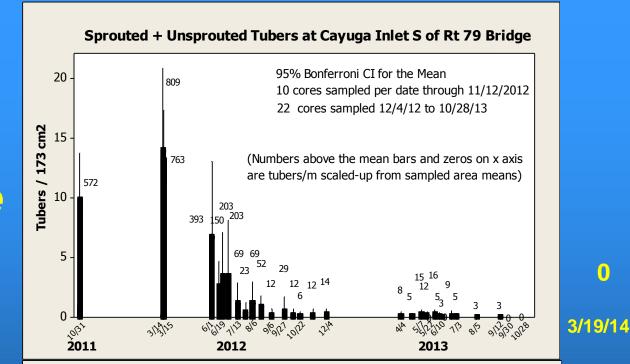
 Within 3 days most plants died and turned into mush.

No regrowth found.

#### 2013 Fluridone

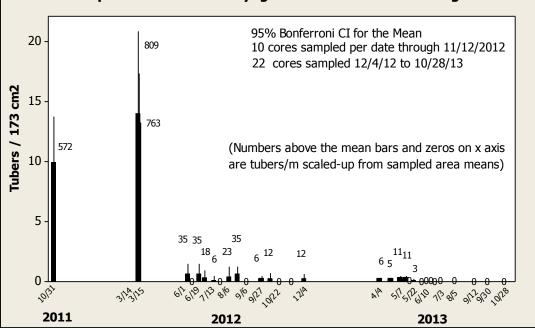
- Sonar Genesis applied via boat and automatic injection units.
- Pellets applied in areas with low flow.
- Treatment started on August 14, 2013 and continued through October 15, 2013
- No growth observed in the Cayuga Inlet following the July 13, 2013 Endothall application through October 28, 2013

# First! The Positive Findings in the Cayuga Inlet



Results of
Hydrilla Tuber
Density
Measurements



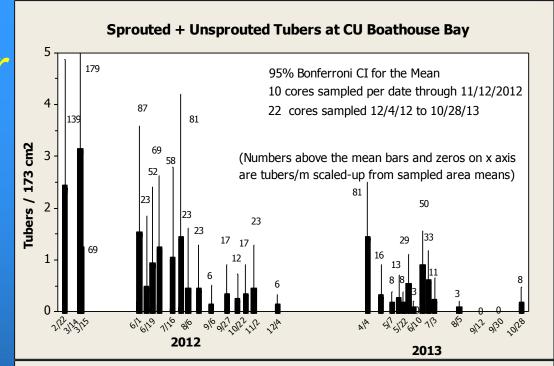


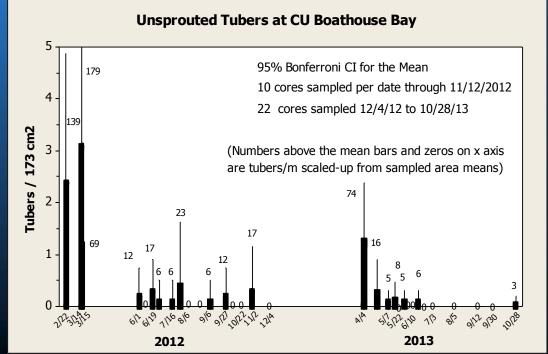
0

3/19/14

## Declining Tuber Densities Continued in 2013

Finding fewer unsprouted tubers that would germinate in the future



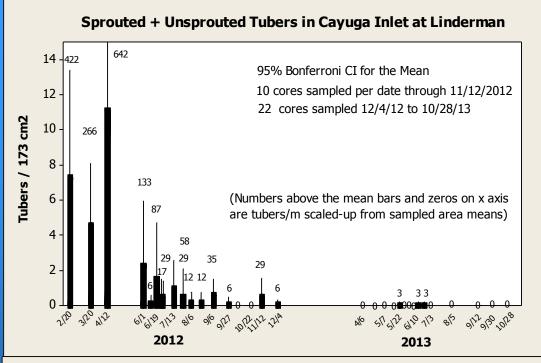


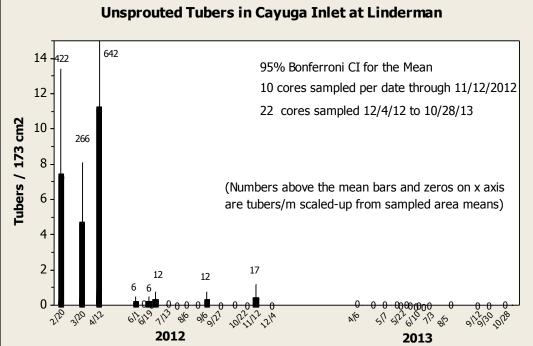
0

4/2/14

0

4/2/14





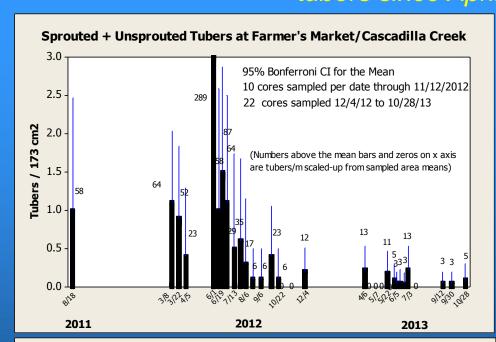
In the Cayuga Inlet at Linderman Creek we have not recovered any un-sprouted tubers since Dec 2012

0 4/3/14

0

4/3/14

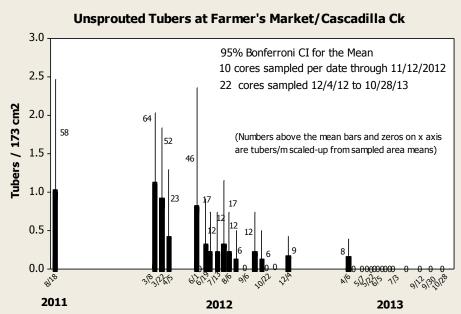
#### At Farmer's Market / Cascadilla Creek we have not recovered any unsprouted tubers since April 6, 2013



0.045 tubers / 273 cm2 or 1.6 tubers / m2

4/2/14





0

4/2/14



Sprouted at Farmer's Market but not frozen in 2013 -2014 winter

Frozen in 2013-2014 winter ~ 3months

Frozen in 2013 -2014 winter ~ 3 months



#### 12+ months (~375 days) since planting tubers and ~ 11 months since germination and sprout formation, however no emergence



Depth planted ~ 7 in



Sprouts 3 to 4 inches in length



Elongated sprouts for 10 months



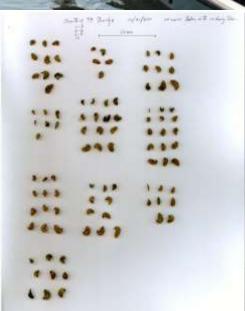
100 % grow when placed in light

#### Tuber Sampling from Inlet











Start of Lake's
Rake Toss Plant
Survey finds
Hydrilla in Fall
Creek





August 8, 2013



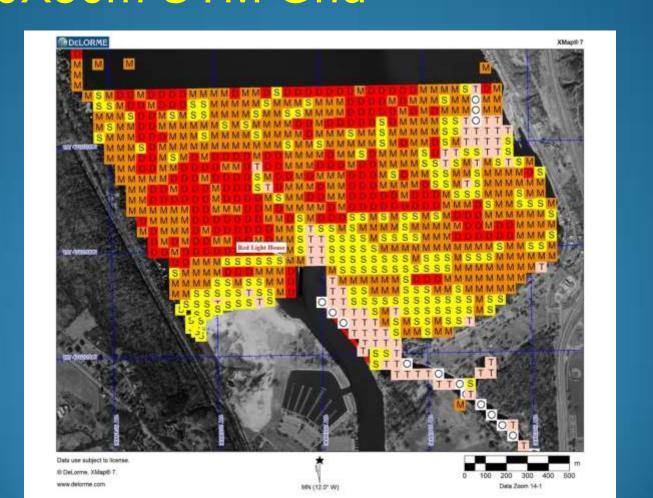


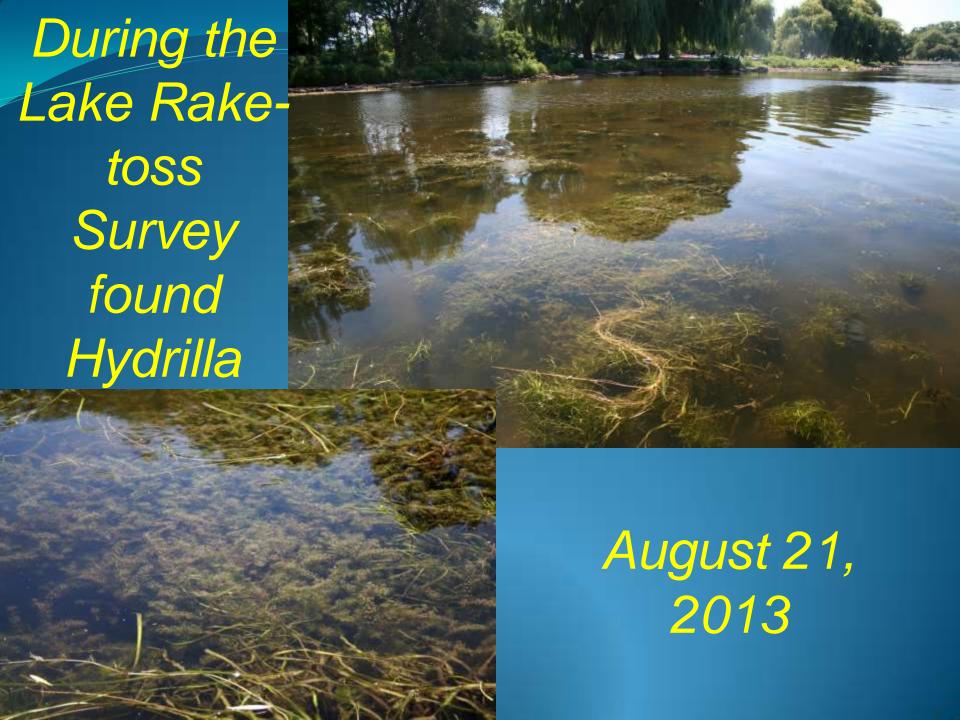


### 2013 Rake-toss plant survey of 1535 locations or 3070 rake tosses in Cayuga Inlet and Southern Cayuga Lake



## Evaluation of Plant Species' Diversity and Abundance in southern Cayuga Lake while Searching for Hydrilla using 2 Rake-tosses on a 50X50m UTM Grid





### Three patches found in Southeast corner in ~ 40 inches of water depth



Hand removal first, then benthic barrier placed on bottom over removal area

## Attempted to remove all plant material with this large bed likely producing the smaller bed next to it by a stem runner





Plants removed by hand on Aug. 28, 2013 were beginning to initiate rhizomes that would produce overwintering tubers late Summer and Fall 2013 in Cayuga Lake



On Aug. 28, 2013 "New" overwintering tubers had already began forming with our finding of fully formed and large tubers on the "Mother Plant" of the larger bed.





Sampling the Fall Creek Hydrilla just before Sept. 26th Endothall application

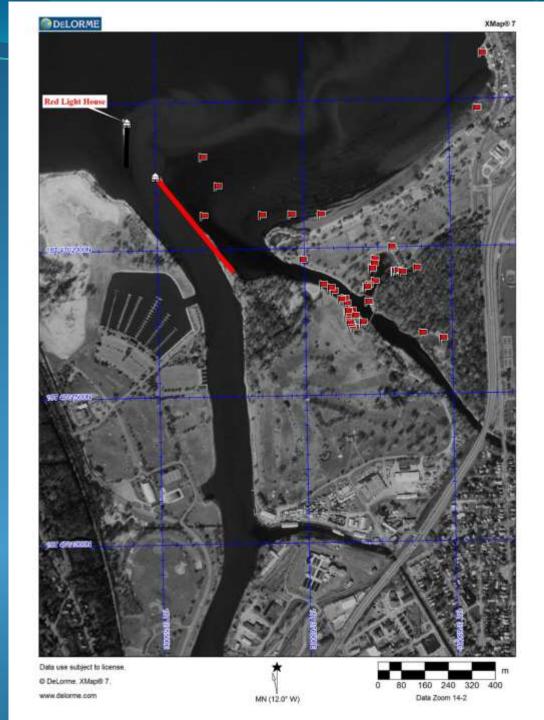




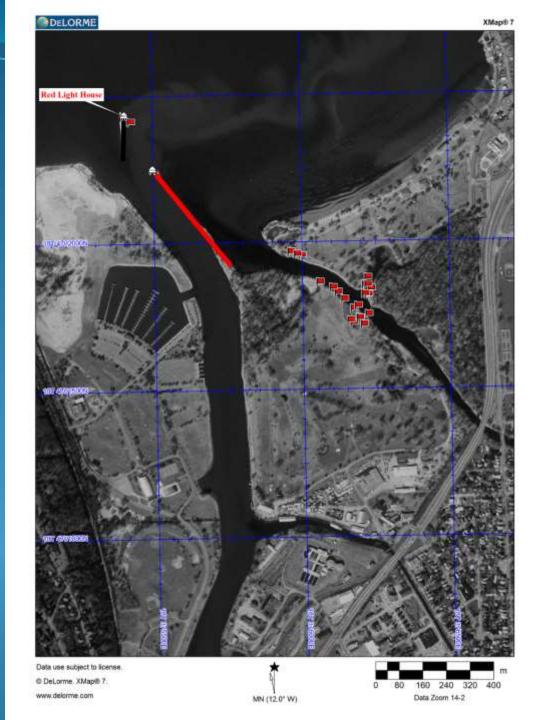


2013 hydrilla finds in Fall Creek before Endothall Treatment on September 26<sup>th</sup>

Lake areas were not treated with herbicide



Lush Hydrilla Growing in November 2013 along Fall Creek after Endothall Treatment on September 26th



**Difficult** herbicide application areas



Hydrilla Task Forces

Questions ???